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AMENDMENTS TO THE CLAIMS

- 1. (Original) A method for diagnosing a predisposition for accelerated autosomal dominant polycystic kidney disease in a human subject comprising the steps of obtaining a biological sample containing nucleic acid from said subject, and detecting in said nucleic acid the presence of a single nucleotide polymorphism in the *ENOS* gene sequence, or the complement thereof.
- 2. (Currently amended) A-The method according to claim 1 wherein said nucleic acid is DNA, cDNA, RNA or mRNA.
- 3. (Currently amended) A The method according to any of claims 1 or 2 claim 1, wherein said single nucleotide polymorphism corresponds to the Glu 298 Asp polymorphism of the ENOS gene.
- 4. (Currently amended) A-The method according to any of the claims 1-3claim 1, wherein said detection is accomplished by sequencing, mini sequencing, hybridization, restriction fragment analysis, oligonucleotide ligation assay or allele specific PCR.
- 5. (Original) An isolated polynucleotide comprising 10 contiguous nucleotides of the *ENOS* gene sequence or the complement thereof, and containing at least one single nucleotide polymorphism, wherein said single nucleotide polymorphism is associated with a predisposition for accelerated autosomal dominant polycystic kidney disease.
- 6. (Currently amended) An—The isolated polynucleotide according to claim 5 wherein said single nucleotide polymorphism corresponds to the Glu 298 Asp polymorphism of the *ENOS* gene.
- 7. (Currently amended) Use of A method of using a single nucleotide polymorphism of the ENOS gene sequence, or the complement thereof, for diagnosing accelerated autosomal dominant polycystic kidney disease in a human subject.

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8. (Currently amended) Use of a single nucleotide polymorphism according The method according to claim 7, wherein said single nucleotide polymorphism corresponds to the Glu 298 Asp polymorphism of the *ENOS* gene.

9. (Original) A diagnostic kit comprising at least one isolated polynucleotide of at least 10 contiguous nucleotides of the *ENOS* gene sequence or the complement thereof, containing at least one single nucleotide polymorphism, wherein said single nucleotide polymorphism is associated with a predisposition for accelerated autosomal dominant polycystic kidney disease; suitable reagents; and instructions for using said polynucleotide for detecting the presence of said single nucleotide polymorphism in a biological sample containing said nucleic acid.

- 10. (Currently amended) A-The diagnostic kit according to claim 9 wherein said single nucleotide polymorphism corresponds to the Glu 298 Asp polymorphism of the *ENOS* gene.
- 11. (Currently amended) A method for treatment of a human subject predisposed to develop accelerated autosomal dominant polycystic kidney disease comprising the steps of determining the predisposition of said subject by carrying out the method of any of claims 1-4claim 1, and administrating at least one NO-enhancing compound in said subject in need of said treatment.
- 12. (Currently amended) A—The method according to claim 11, wherein said treatment counteracts the effect of said detected single nucleotide polymorphism.
- 13. (Currently amended) A-The method according to any of claims 11-12claim 11 wherein said NO-enhancing compound comprises an effective amount of L-arginine, a NO donor or a mixture thereof.
- 14. (Currently amended) A-The method according to claim 13 wherein said NO donor is moisidomine.

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- 15. (Currently amended) A-<u>The</u> method according to <u>any of claims 11-13 claim 13</u> wherein said effective amount of said L-arginine, NO donor or a mixture thereof is administered in a pharmaceutically acceptable formulation.
- 16. (Original) Pharmaceutical composition comprising L-arginine, a NO donor or a mixture thereof and a suitable excipient for treating predisposition to accelerated ADPKD in a human subject.
- 17. (Currently amended) Use of A method of using a NO-enhancing compound in the preparation of a medicament for treating predisposition to accelerated ADPKD in a human subject.
- 18. (Currently amended) Use of A method of using L-arginine in the preparation of a medicament for treating predisposition to accelerated ADPKD in a human subject.
- 19. (Currently amended) Use of A method of using a NO donor in the preparation of a medicament for treating predisposition to accelerated ADPKD in a human subject.